

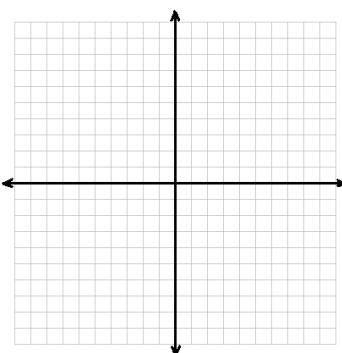
Trigonometric Functions of Any Angle

Term	Definition	Picture
Reference Angle		
Reference Triangle		
Standard Position Initial Side Terminal Side		
Coterminal Angles		
Measure of an Angle		
Unit Circle		
Special Right Triangle 30 – 60 – 90		

Reference Angles:

The values of the trig functions of angles greater than 90 degrees can be determined from their reference angles, which _____.

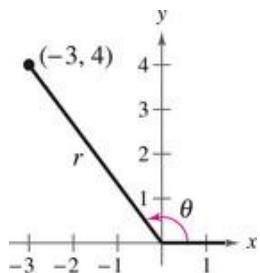
Signs of Trig Functions



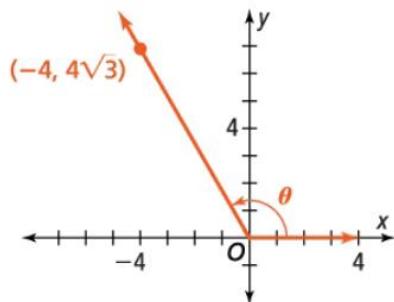
Trigonometric Functions of Any Angle

Evaluating Trig Functions

Example 1: Find the sine, cosine, and tangent of θ .



Example 2: Find the sine, cosine, and tangent of θ .



Practice Problem 1: Let $(-2, 3)$ be a point on the terminal side of θ . Find the sine, cosine, and tangent of θ .

Example 3: What is the reference angle for an angle that is:

- a) 120°
- b) 210°
- c) -210°
- d) -45°

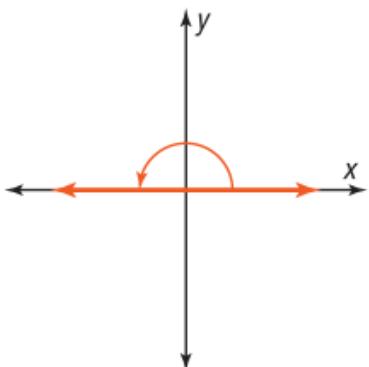
Trigonometric Functions of Any Angle

Coterminal Angles

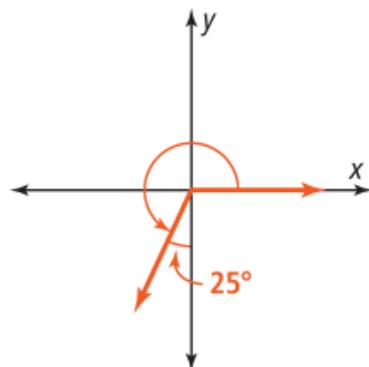
Example 4:

- Given the initial and terminal sides, find a positive angle measure, a negative angle measure, and an angle measure greater than 360° for each angle below.

a.

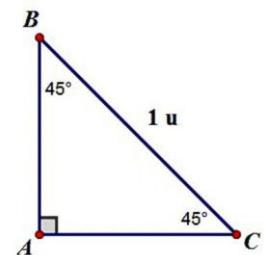
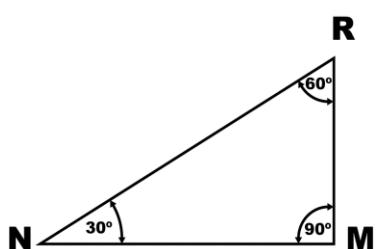


b.



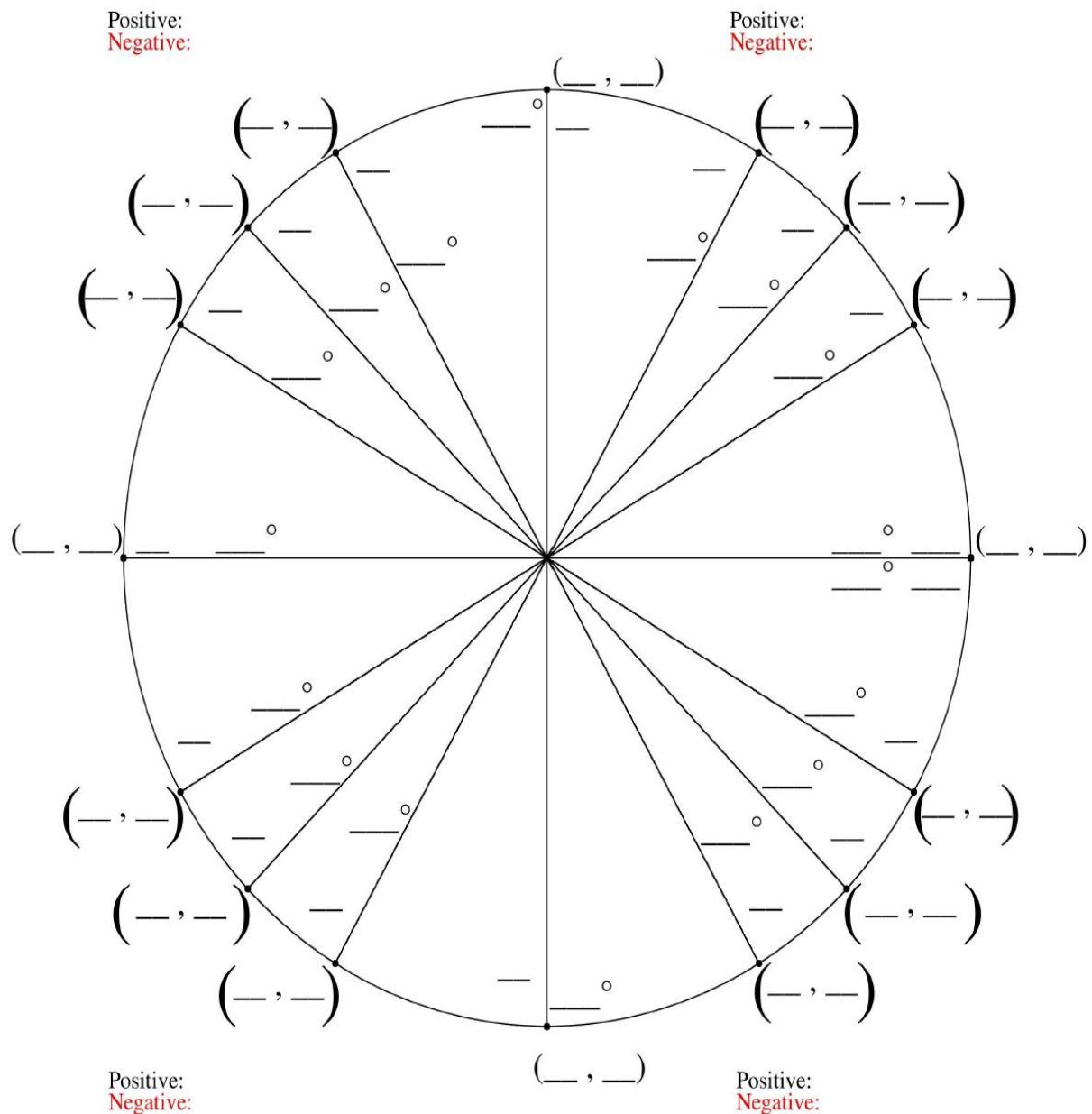
Special Right Triangles

Use the Pythagorean Theorem to find the lengths of the missing sides.



Trigonometric Functions of Any Angle

The Unit Circle



Definitions of Trigonometric Functions

$\sin\theta =$	$\cos\theta =$	$\tan\theta =$
$\csc\theta =$	$\sec\theta =$	$\cot\theta =$

Trigonometric Functions of Any Angle

Classwork:

1. Find the following trig values:

a) $\sin 240^\circ$ b) $\cos 90^\circ$ c) $\tan 120^\circ$ d) $\cos 60^\circ$ e) $\sin 270^\circ$

f) $\sin 330^\circ$ g) $\tan 45^\circ$ h) $\tan 270^\circ$ i) $\cos 540^\circ$ j) $\sin(-120)^\circ$

k) $\cos 720^\circ$ l) $\tan(-330)^\circ$ m) $\sec 60^\circ$ n) $\csc 360^\circ$ o) $\cot 405^\circ$

2. Find the values of the six trig functions of θ .

a) $\tan \theta = -\frac{15}{8}$, $\sin \theta < 0$

b) $\sec \theta = -2$, $0 \leq \theta \leq \pi$

$\sin \theta =$	$\cos \theta =$	$\tan \theta =$
$\csc \theta =$	$\sec \theta =$	$\cot \theta =$

$\sin \theta =$	$\cos \theta =$	$\tan \theta =$
$\csc \theta =$	$\sec \theta =$	$\cot \theta =$